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Her King.

She has not found her king as yet,
The golden days glide by;
They bring no sorrows to forget,
Nor any cause to sigh.
No heart for her devotion made
The passionate summers bring;
Unharmed she walks, and unaffrayed—
She has not found her king.

Men bring their titles, and their gold;
She turns in scorn away.
The man must be of different mold
She swears she will obey.
Though poor in honor and in lands,
Rich in a rarer thing,
Tiled by God alone, he stands,
When she will own her king.

But when he comes, as come he will,
Strong to support, and grand,
With supplication that shall fill
Her soul, like her command;
She'll place her hand in his, and take
Whate'er this world may bring,
Proud and contented for his sake,
Whom she hath crowned her king!

—*Temple Bar.*

A SLIGHT MISTAKE

The sun had gone down in a red river of threatening cloud; the storm which had been impending for some days had broken at last, in a wild whirlwind of snow and tempest; and Mrs. Abraham Ackley had just put the tea-kettle on for the evening meal, with Abigail, her daughter, stirring a saucepanful of mush on the stove, and Maria, her niece, hard at work, stitching the upper parts of cheap cloth shoes for a manufacturer in the neighborhood. For the Ackleys were a thrifty family. Nothing was lost, nothing wasted, not even that slippery commodity—time.

The Ackleys were a feminine household that night, for Abraham himself, the grizzled head of the family, had gone to the city, to put in a claim for a pension, which, according to his ideas ought to have been paid half a century back, to some old Revolutionary ancestor or other.

"I ain't to be done," said Abraham, winking his watery blue eyes, "not even by the United States government itself!"

So it had happened that Abigail had foddered the cattle, fed the fowls, and locked the barn door, coming in, all powdered over with snow, her middle-aged nose blue with cold.

"Never mind, girls," said Mrs. Ackley, with a subdued chuckle, "when we inherit your Cousin Jones' property we shan't none of us have to work no more. We can be ladies, and set up in sage-green dresses, playin' with peacock-feather fans. Did you get the best chamber ready, Marier?"

"Marier" gave a grunt in the affirmative, as she bit off the end of her thread.

"I didn't light the fire yet," said she. "Thought it warn't no use burnin' up good hickory logs, until we knowed we was goin' to want 'em."

Scarcely was the sentence well out of her mouth, when a tattoo sounded loudly on the warped panels of the unpainted front door.

"Land's sake alive!" said Abigail, dropping the wooden spoon into the mush-pot, while Maria straightened herself up with a jerk, "it's Cousin Jones already!"

"Quick!" said Mrs. Ackley, in a shrill stage whisper. "Put the mush in the closet, and fetch out the cold chicken and raspberry presarves; and the best cups, Abigail, and the three-tined forks, and the table cloth with the border of daisies."

And she turned to the door, with a flaring, home-dipped candle in her hand.

"Is this Mrs. Abe Ackley's?" demanded a shrill voice. "I was told she lived half-way up Pine Crags."

"Ain't this Mrs. Jones?" said Mrs. Ackley, in her softest accents.

"That's the ticket!" said the stranger. "Do open the door and let me in. I ain't no burglar, nor yet a sneak-thief."

"I'm delighted to see you," said Mrs. Ackley. "Do pray walk in, and let the girls take your things. Marier, Abigail, this is Mrs. Jones, as you've heard so much of. Your room will be warm d'reckly. We've set great store by your comin', I do assure you."

"You're very kind," said Mrs. Jones, shaking the snow off her shabby shawl and pinched silk bonnet. "I ain't no beggar; I calc'late to pay my own way."

The three women smiled obsequiously. They had been given to understand that Cousin Jones from New York city was very eccentric—that she particularly disliked any allusion to her relationship, and that there was no accounting for her various peculiarities.

"Of course," said Mrs. Ackley, "that must be as you please."

"I don't choose to be beholden to any one," stiffly added the new-found relative.

"Of course not," said Maria, helping her off with her rubbers. "Uncle Abraham will be so sorry that he isn't here to welcome you."

"I can stand it, if he can," said the old lady, warming her gaunt hands before the cheerful blaze. "Eh, do you live as high as this every day?" as she saw the liberal preparations for supper.

"We are economical people," said Mrs. Ackley, apologetically; "we raise our own poultry, and Abigail picked the raspberries last summer on the mountain, and changed off eggs for the sugar, at Martin's grocery store at the cross-roads; and the tea was a present from old Captain Greer, who is in the China trade, to pay Ackley for breakin' the roan colt. So you see—" "Yes, I see," said Mrs. Jones, nodding her head jerkily, like a mandarin somewhat out of order.

"Managing people, you be! You won't never come to be boarded out like town poor, I reckon!"

"I hope not," said Mrs. Ackley, devoutly.

"The idea!" said Miss Abigail.

"Well, things is ordered differently in this world," observed Mrs. Jones. "It's up-hill with some and down-hill with others. But I guess I can get along with you!"

"My son will be up to pay his respects to-morrow," said Mrs. Ackley. "He lives a little beyond here."

"Ah!" said Mrs. Jones.

"He hasn't been real successful in the world," added Mrs. Ackley. "He married a schoolma'am, and they've a little family, and Ackley's had to set down his foot, as he won't help him any more."

"Every one for himself, eh?" said the old woman, with a chuckle.

Mrs. Ackley nodded. She had ventured upon this confidential family communication as a sort of hint to Cousin Jones, not to lend money to the impecunious Abraham, junior. If there was money floating around in the golden atmosphere that surrounded Mrs. Jones, why should it be given over into such velvet-like hands as those of Mrs. Abraham, junior.

"Perhaps," suggested Maria, sweetly. "Mrs. Jones would like some hot buttered toast?"

"Well, since you're so pressing, I am rather partial to it," said Mrs. Jones.

"And," added Abigail, jealous lest she should be outdone in these sweet deeds of hospitality, "there's a very good meat pie in the pantry which I made myself, if—"

"Meat pie," cried the old lady. "Meat pie is a relish for anything going. I don't know when I've put my teeth into a good meat pie before. Bring it on, young woman—bring it on."

The three Ackleys looked on with beaming eyes, while Mrs. Jones ate and drank like a half-famished lioness, and afterward they conducted her to the bed-room, where the fire blazed brightly on the painted, red-brick hearth, and the patchwork silk quilt—Maria's own work—was laid ostentatiously across the foot of the bed.

And then they all came down stairs, closed in solid phalanx around the fire, and looked at one another with meaning in their speculative eyes.

"Queer, ain't she?" said Maria.

"Dressed exactly as if she came out of an old rag-bag," commented Abigail.

"Hold your tongue, girls!" said Mrs. Ackley. "Geniuses are always eccentric! And Cousin Jones is worth a cool forty thousand dollars!"

Early the next morning, long before daylight had irradiated the sullen darkness of the wintry horizon, and Mrs. Ackley was doing her best, in curl papers and a dirty flannel wrapper, to make the kitchen fire burn, an old box-sled stopped at the door, and in came Abraham, junior, brown-faced, good-natured and smiling.

"Well, mother," said he, "how's the folks?"

"They're all well enough," said Mrs. Ackley, who always entertained a secret fear lest Abe should want to borrow money of her.

"Father got home yet?" said Abe.

"No!"

Mrs. Ackley was blowing desperately at a crumpled bit of paper which absolutely declined to ignite the kindlings adjoining to it.

"That's you, mother, to a 'T'!" said Abraham, good-humoredly. "You're too economical even to burn enough waste papers! Goodness knows, they don't cost nothin'!"

"Humph!" said Mrs. Ackley. "I know some people as ain't economical in nothin'!"

"And that reminds me!" said Abe, skating easily away from the subject, "I'm going down arter my boarder!"

"What boarder?" said Mrs. Ackley, sharply.

"Didn't you know?" said Abe. "Me and Jane Eliza, we've bid for one of the town poor. It ain't much pay, to-be-sure. The selectmen are real close this year, on account of the Town hall havin' cost such a sight o' money. But it's better than nothin'. And the old woman will be company for Jane Eliza and the children. It's old Huldah Jones, you know—Cappen Jones' widder, down in Frog Lane."

"Oh!" said Mrs. Ackley.

"I expected her up last night," said Abe, drawing on his blue yarn mittens; "but I guess she found the weather one too many for her rheumatiz; so now I'm goin' arter her, with an arm-chair tied into the box-sled! And, by-the-way," fumbling in his coat pocket, "here's a letter I got last night. Guess it was meant for father, but I opened it by mistake."

"Who's it from?" screeched Abigail, who had just come down stairs, half frozen, from her fireless room, tying her apron strings as she came, while Maria was visible, twisting up her back hair in the distance.

"Your rich cousin, in New York," said Abe. "She ain't comin'! She's made up her mind to rent a furnished flat in New York, where she can be near her doctor and her favorite clergyman!"

"Nonsense!" said Maria. "That's only a practical joke, as some one is tryin' to come on us. Cousin Jones is here a'ready."

"Asleep in the best chamber, where I'm goin' to light a fire at seven o'clock," added Abigail.

"What!" roared Abraham.

"Girls!" shrilly exclaimed Mrs. Ackley, "it's a dreadful mistake as we've all of us made! This old woman ain't our Cousin Jones at all. It's the town poor as Abe has took to board!—old Cappen Jones' widow, from Frog Lane."

And she struck an attitude in front of the stove like Medea before the sacrificial flames.

"And we gave her cold fowl and raspberry-jam," cried Maria, "and the whole of the meat pie."

"And my choicest linen sheets, and a fire in the best chamber!" groaned Mrs. Ackley. "My goodness me! how could we be such fools?"

"Go and wake her up at once," said Maria to Abigail. "Tell her Abe Ackley is here, to take her where she rightly belongs; and ask her how she dared to impose upon decent people like us?"

"It ain't her fault!" sighed Mrs. Ackley, "It's ours. Goodness, what idiots we've been!"

"Well, you haven't asked me to breakfast," said Abraham, junior, waggishly; "but I guess I'll stop for a bite and a sup, and take the old lady up to our home arterward. 'Tain't a good plan to travel on an empty stomach such weather as this!"

And the bewildered Mrs. Jones was whisked away on the box-sled before she knew the rights and wrongs of the case, leaving the Ackley family disconsolate.

"I never was so mistook in my life before," said Mrs. Ackley.

But Abe, junior, regarded the matter as a stupendous joke.

"Old Mrs. Jones got a first-class meal and night's lodgin' free gratis out of mother," said he; "and I don't remember when anybody else has done as much."

At Sea in a Basket.

It was upon September 20, 1854, the Arctic, belonging to the now extinct Collins line, sailed from Liverpool to New York with more than 200 passengers on board. The voyage was safely accomplished until the Arctic got within sixty-five miles of Cape Race, when she was run into by the Vesta, a small iron steamer owned and manned by Frenchmen, and of about 100 tons burden. Within four hours of the collision the big vessel disappeared beneath the waves, and the little vessel was speeding on her way toward the French coast, where, unconscious of the mischief she had done, she arrived in safety about a fortnight later. About forty of the Arctic's crew and passengers were saved in a boat, and a few more were picked up from rafts and bits of the vessel, among the latter being Captain Luce and a Mr. Smith, then a resident of the state of Mississippi, but subsequently a wealthy Glasgow merchant. Mr. Smith was saved upon a raft of planks, lashed together by himself, on the top of which he tied the basket lined with tin, into which unwashed plates were put during the saloon dinner. Upon the edge of this basket, with his feet at the bottom, Mr. Smith sat for two nights and nearly three days, bailing it as it filled from time to time. It will be heard with little surprise that for many years Mr. Smith preserved this much-valued historical basket as a trophy in his drawing-room at Glasgow, and showed it to his friends as the vehicle in which he had floated upon the waves for fifty or sixty hours. The basket was concealed in the center of an ottoman made purposely to hold it, and was only revealed when Mr. Smith was surrounded by a few congenial friends.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Advice is seldom welcome. Those who need it most take it least.

As every thread of gold is valuable, so is every minute of time.

Prosperity is no just scale; adversity is the only balance to weigh friends.

The more we do, the more we can do the more busy we are, the more leisure we have.

Knavery is supple, and can bend, but honesty is firm and upright and yields not.

No principle is more noble, as there is none more holy, than that of a true obedience.

He who is the most slow in making a promise is the most faithful in the performance of it.

Never let your zeal outrun your charity. The former is but human, the latter is divine.

Duty cannot be neglected without harm to those who practice as well as to those who suffer the neglect.

Precept is instruction that is written in sand, and washed away by the tide; example is instruction engraved on the rock.

Whoever has a contented mind has all riches. To him whose foot is enclosed in a shoe, is it not as though the earth were carpeted with leather?

Try to repress thought, and it is like trying to fasten down steam—an explosion is sure to follow. Let thought be free to work in its own appropriate way, and it turns the machine, drives the wheels, does the work.

Cavair.

There are many people who pretend to like caviar, and it is possible that a few may have forced themselves to relish the intensely salt or rancid preparation of sturgeon eggs called by this name. We believe the "delicacy" first came from Russia, and we can imagine that a native of Siberia, half Indian and half Esquimaux, might find caviar a delightful change from whale's blubber and decayed seal. We have tasted caviar, and think that old rusty mackerel brine is nectar beside it.

The Germans pretend to love caviar and Americans who have been abroad eat it before their friends to show their acquired taste contracted in foreign lands. We read in the *Deutsche Fischerei Zeitung* that some Germans have been making caviar from the eggs of the pike, and we wish them success in their search after a new source of supply of delicatessen. Shakespeare speaks of something which the general public cannot relish as being "caviar to the general." The bard is correct, as usual. Caviar is caviar, whether made of triple-salted rancid sturgeon eggs or of the ova of the pike flavored with seal blubber and stale mackerel brine.

To our friends who have not yet met this luxury we will say that at dinner, after the pudding, ice cream, cheese, nuts, figs and raisins have passed, you take a piece of toast about three inches square and cover it with a quarter inch layer of something that looks like broken rice stewed in coal tar. On this you put a thick layer of finely-chopped raw onion and squeeze lemon over it. You raise it to your lips; you bite into it and roll your eyes heavenward and declare that you never tasted anything half so delicious before. At the first opportunity you slip down stairs and take a quiet drink out of the kerosene can to get up a proper after-taste in your mouth.

Yes, the Germans have discovered a new source of caviar in the pike, and don't we wish we had some of it. The memory of the caviar we have eaten comes over us like the recollections of an Arctic explorer when he thinks of the train oil he has swallowed.—[*Forest and Stream.*

Expecting a Letter.

"I don't see how it is," exclaimed an east side man, as he entered the post-office the other morning; "I can never get my letters on time!"

"Are you expecting something by mail?" asked the postmaster, politely.

"Expecting something! I should think I was. I've been expecting it for the past three days!" continued the man, impatiently.

"This is probably what you expected," said the man of letters, with a self-satisfied smile, as he took a bill from the man's box and handed it to him.

"Yes," growled the man, taking the envelope which he supposed contained the expected letter, without looking at it; "this was due three days ago!"

"Three days ago!" exclaimed the postmaster, a little surprised. "Why, your tailor said when he put it in that it was due three months ago!" It did not take that man long to discover the true inwardness of the postmaster's remarks, but when he did he was mad enough to lick the postmaster and every stamp in the office.—*Statesman*

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

M. Fourmant has concluded a series of exact experiments upon trichinæ in meat. He finds that to pack the diseased flesh in salt for fifteen months does not kill the parasites; mice fed upon the meat died of trichinosis.

Remains of a mastodon and a number of curious bones belonging to various other animals have been found near a salt mine at New Iberia, La. Among them were some fossil teeth of horses, and they have been presented to the Yale college museum.

The post-mortem examination of a mulatto who died recently in Cincinnati revealed a brain weighing sixty-one ounces. There are on record but two brains heavier than this—that of Cuvier, weighing 64.33 ounces, and Abercrombie's, which weighed sixty-three ounces.

Dr. Reklam considers that headaches and other consequences of sleeping in rooms containing flowers do not arise from any special properties of the flowers themselves, but are due to a straining of the nerves of smell in the presence of perfumes for an unwonted length of time. The effect is analagous to that produced upon the eyes by an unusual exposure to light, or on the ears by long-continued sounds.

An enormous quantity of water passes through the roots of plants. An English experimenter has ascertained that for every pound of mineral matter assimilated by a plant, an average of 2,000 pounds of water is absorbed. At the French agricultural observatory of Montsouris it was found that in rich soil, 727 pounds of water passed through the roots of wheat plants for every pound of grain produced; while in a very poor soil, 2693 pounds passed through the wheat roots for each pound of grain."

Scotch Plowmen's Vests.

It has long been the custom of agricultural laborers in Scotland to distinguish themselves by the grandeur of their Sabbath kirk suits, "Sunday claes." The vest or waistcoat was especially the center of their pride or vanity. It had a combination of all the prismatic colors of the rainbow, the more brilliant prevailing, forming a complete aurora borealis. About forty years ago, in a border parish on the south of Scotland, the principal heritor and patron, according to the law and custom, was allotted the chief seat in the gallery opposite the minister's pulpit. He, however, was non-resident and an Episcopalian. He therefore dedicated his seat to the unmarried plowmen of the parish, who for many years availed themselves of the privilege. Generally their number fully packed the seat. So soon as a member left the parish, he, of course, ceased his seat-possession, and so soon as he entered the holy bonds of matrimony he had to provide accommodation for himself and his wife elsewhere, as the pew was held to be of the kind of the "limited (mail) male." Sabbath after Sabbath the juvenile rustics vied with each other who could show the newest pattern in the design and color for his chest covering. Often have clergymen who have never before ascended the pulpit stair of this parish been startled as the opposite gallery brilliantly flashed on his wondering eyes. The rustic band got the title of the "robin redbreasts" or "canaries," and their seat was commonly known as their "nest" or "aviary." A change, however, did occur. The heritage fell to a brother of the late proprietor, who "knew not Joseph," and was rather displeased at this weekly display of foppery. The new laird granted the pew to a new tenant, who had become possessor of the home farm, and had a numerous family. It was easy to grant and possess, but not so easy to annul a previous grant and dispossess former occupants. The bovans refused to remove, pleading a grant with long possession, even for the prescriptive period—in fact, that they had acquired both figuratively and literally a "vested interest." The sheriff had to be approached by way of interdict. It was, however, more by suasion than by force that at length matters were peacefully arranged. For many years the display of colors which once flaunted from the gallery ceased from the memories of the parishioners of Sunnyside. The epidemic which prevailed in the south spread to other portions of Scotland.

Deal very gently with those who are on the downhill of life. Your own time is coming to be where they now are. You too are "stepping westward." Soothe the restlessness of age by amusement, by consideration, by non-interference, and by allowing plenty of occupation to fall into the hands that long for it. But let it be of their own choosing, and cease to order their ways for them as though they were children.

THE HAIR AFTER DEATH.

Curious Instances in Which It Has Grown to Great Length.

Most people understand that hair does sometimes grow after death, but there are perhaps few who know that there is a very considerable growth in at least one-third of the cases where bodies are interred in the usual manner. A story was told by Oscar Wilde at a dinner party in New York which illustrates this fact. When Gabriel Dante Rossetti was very young—scarcely more than a boy—said Mr. Wilde, he was deeply in love with a young girl, and, having a poet's gift, he sang a poet's love in numerous sonnets and verses to her. She died young, and by her wish the manuscripts of these poems were placed in a casket and laid under her head, so that even in the last sleep they should be, as they always had been, kept beneath her pillow. Years passed by and Rossetti's fame grew until every line of his composition became precious, and some of those who prized his writings most asked him for copies of the songs that had been buried. He had kept no copies, or they had been lost. At all events he could furnish none, and when they asked him to rewrite the verses he declared that he was utterly unable to do so.

At last his friends importuned him for permission to have the original manuscripts exhumed. He consented after some hesitation, and all the necessary preliminaries having been complied with the grave which had been sealed for many years was opened.

Then a strange thing was found. The casket containing the poems had proved to be of perishable material and its cover had crumbled away. The long tresses of the girl had grown after death and had twined and intertwined among the leaves of the poet's paper, coiling around the written words of love in a loving embrace long after death had sealed the lips and dimmed the eye that had made response to that love.

There is nothing improbable in the story so far as it relates to the physical phenomenon. That hair grows after death is too well established a fact to be challenged, and is readily enough to be understood by any one who will give even a little study to its formation, it being an appendage to the human form, and not, strictly speaking, a part of it. It might indeed be almost called a friendly parasite.

A well known New York undertaker said: "A gentleman who had lost his little boy five or six years before came to the establishment where I was working and said he wanted the remains taken up and carried to Boston. He had moved to that city, where he had lost another child, and his wife was anxious that they should both be buried in the plot he had bought in the Laurel Hill cemetery. This gentleman was anxious to see for himself that everything was done right, and went over with me to Greenwood. We had buried the child and there was not any trouble about finding the right grave and the right coffin, but he was nervous about it. He insisted on having the coffin opened after it was taken up and seeing for himself that there was no mistake. I had it done, and as soon as he saw the body he said 'I knew it; that isn't my boy. His hair was cut short while he was sick, and look at that!' In this case there was a rather unusual growth. I should say the hair was a foot long. In cases where the body has been buried a good many years—say a hundred years—the hair is sometimes found a yard long on a man's head, and much longer, of course, on a woman's."

Another undertaker said that he was employed at one time to remove a great number of bodies that had been buried in a cemetery which had been sold. They had lain undisturbed for an average of about twenty-five years, and in nearly one-half the cases the hair on the heads of the men was from a foot to a foot and a half long. In cases of women it was evident enough from the arrangement of their hair that it had grown a great deal after death. There was no way, so far as he knew, of determining what causes the difference between cases, some hair growing and other apparently not growing or only growing a little, but he said he believed that in cases of fever there was apt to be such a growth.

It might be supposed that if a post mortem growth of hair is as common as has been indicated mention of the fact would have been made in the accounts that have been preserved of the remains of noted persons after burial, but the only such instance that is recalled is that of Napoleon I. Of him it is said that when his body was removed from St. Helena to France it was found that the hair had grown to a great length.—*New York Herald.*

Gloves remain very long.

Prophecy.

I have heard it in the forest
Where the branches gray and bare,
From the sea of pines upstarting,
Stand like phantoms in the air;
Ghosts of beauty once so fair.

I have heard the distant echoes,
Faint and far, but wondrous sweet,
Telling that the summer cometh
Crowned with ecstasy complete;
And earth thrills beneath my feet.

I have seen the tidings written
On the far blue of the skies;
I have heard the brooklet singing
Softly 'neath its roof of ice,
Of the coming mysteries.

"Summer's coming, coming, coming,"
Speed the news from tree to tree.
Clouds of heaven bear it onward,
River, tell it to the sea.
"Summer comes! the earth is free."

—*George L. Heath.*

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Always out of countenance—The nose.

The blandest counsel may be a cross-examiner.

High words—"Tip top," "peak," "summit," etc.

Now the thrifty fisherman figures up his net gains.

A man's tongue often betrays him, but he always can count on his fingers.

A man has invented a chair that can be adjusted to 800 different positions. It is designed for a boy to sit in when he goes to church.

The great question of the day at present is how to wear a high all-round collar and still be able to sneeze hard without cutting your throat.

One of the sweetest pictures of domestic economy is a poet blacking a white stocking so that it won't show through the fissure of his boot.

"He's grown to be a polished gentleman, anyhow," said an old lady gazing fondly as she spoke at the shining bald head of her son, just returned after a long absence.

"Papa," said a lad the other night, after attentively studying for some minutes an engraving of a human skeleton, "how did this man manage to keep in his dinner?"

A little chap in Gallatin, Tenn., son of a prominent turfman, was asked by his school-teacher to define "good breeding." "A mare with two Lexington crosses," was the instant reply.

"Johnnie, how many bones are there in the human body?" "Whose human body? Mine?" "Yes, yours, for instance." "Can't tell. You see I've been eatin' shad for breakfast, and that upsets the anatomical estimate at once."

A society has been formed in New York, to be known as the "Order of the Iron Tie." It is supposed to be an organization to use its influence to persuade men to wear a tie that the women folks cannot work up into a patchwork quilt.

Just Like 'Em.

Two ladies who were bound somewhere in company yesterday entered a Woodward avenue car together, and no sooner were they seated than both made a dive for their purses.

"Oh, let me pay!" pleaded one.

"Oh, I couldn't think of it!"

"Oh, do, now; I have just the change."

"Oh, but I have tickets."

"Yes, but you paid the last time."

"But you can pay some other time. Here—!"

She was hurriedly searching through her porte-monnaie, but didn't seem to find anything.

"I told you I had—!"

And the second one began a search in a wild manner, emptying out pins, needles and buttons, but no money.

"Why! I do declare!" gasped the first.

"Strangest thing I ever saw!" added the second.

"I'll pay for both," observed a man on the seat opposite, and he marched up, fumbled through his pockets and held out a battered quarter to the driver. The latter would not take it, and the man marched out and slid off the platform in the most solemn manner, and at the next crossing the ladies said they had taken the wrong car, rang the bell and got off.—*M. Quad.*

An Unsophisticated Way.

Any Esquimaux asked to undertake a journey or perform a labor he does not like does not declare that he is not at home, but he has a precisely similar formality adapted to his own circumstances. He does not like to tell the stranger proposing to him that he does not wish to go, or that the pay is not sufficient, or, in short, that he will not go; but he says, "I have no boots." This is not to be accepted as a hint that a pair of boots would be an acceptable present; it is merely a polite refusal, and in strict politeness must be accepted as unhesitatingly as our own "Not at home."

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 3RD, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs. B. Hengst and H. A. Benfer, Preach's

Rev. B. Hengst will preach next Sunday morning—German.

Sunday School, 1½ P. M.,—Rev. C. F. Gephart, Supt

Missionary Society meets on the third Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Regular services next Sunday evening.

Sunday School at 10½ A. M.—D. A Musser, Sup't

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Millheim next Sunday at 2 o'clock, P. M., and in Aaronsburg in the evening, both services English.

Mite society meets regularly on the first Tuesday evening of each month.

United Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School, 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander, Supt

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Preaching in Millheim next Sunday morning, English, and in Aaronsburg in the afternoon, German.

Sunday School at 9½ A.M. B. O. Deininger, Supt.

The Augsburg Bible Class meets, every Saturday evening at 7 o'clock.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 935, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.

Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. P. W. MAUCK, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. W. Foote, Sec. D. I. Brown Prest.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1883.

DISTRICT.		NAME.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte	N. W,	J. M. Keichline,	Bellefonte
"	S. W.	Chas Smith,	"
"	W. W.	S. A. McQuistion,	"
Howard	boro.	Ira C. Leathers,	Howard
Milesburg	"	James P. Jones,	Milesburg
Millheim	"	F. P. Musser,	Millheim
Philipsburg	1 W.	C. G. Herlinger,	Philipsburg
"	2 W.	Sol Schmidt,	"
"	3 W.	A. V. Carpenter,	"
Unionville	boro.	P. J. McDonald,	Fleming
Benner	twp.	Wm. Ishler,	Bellefonte
Bogus	"	Frank F. Adams,	Milesburg
Burnside	"	Henry Meeker,	Pine Glenn
College	"	John Roop,	Lemont
Curtin	"	John McCloskey,	Roland
Ferguson	O. P.	J. T. McCormick,	State College
"	N. P.	L. W. Walker,	Rock Springs
Gregg	S. P.	John Coldron	Spring Mills
"	N. P.	Wm. Luse,	Farmers' Mills
Haines	E. P.	L. B. Stover,	Woodward
"	W. P.	Geo. Bower,	Aaronsburg
Half Moon	twp.	J. H. Griffin,	Stormstown
Harris	"	D. W. Meyer,	Boalsburg
Howard	"	John Glenn,	Howard
Huston	"	John L. Miles,	Julian
Liberty	"	James P. Leiun,	Blanchard
Marion	"	J. J. Hoy,	Walker
Miles	"	Ellis Shafer,	Madisonburg
Patton	"	Agnew Sellers, Jr	Filmore
Penn	"	P. H. Stover,	Coburn
Potter	N. P.	D. J. Meyer,	Centre Hall
"	S. P.	Samuel Slack	Tusseyville
Rush	N. P.	William Cullen,	Philipsburg
"	S. P.	J. T. Everly,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe	twp.	Wm. R. Haynes,	Snow Shoe
Spring	"	E. C. Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor	"	Hepburn Blowers,	Fowler
Union	"	S. K. Emerick,	Fleming
Walker	"	Jos. Emerick,	Hublersburg
Worth	"	M. S. Spotts,	Port Matilda

WM. C. HEINLE, Chairman.

W. MILES WALKER, Secretary.

York County Democrats.

The Democracy of York county at their recent county meeting passed a series of sound and seasonable resolutions, from which we give below the two principal ones—the first commends the course of our excellent Governor, the second speaks in no uncertain sound against the gross abuse of corporate powers, and very properly demands that the plain provisions of the constitution be enforced against them. These resolutions have the true ring of reform and deserve the active endorsement of every citizen:

1. The chief executive magistrate of the commonwealth elected in November, and inaugurated in January, has entitled himself to the respect, confidence and gratitude of the democracy by his able and faithful efforts to reform the abuses of the public service and to abolish the corrupt practices which had grown up under previous administrations.

2. We fully concur with the governor in the judgement so strongly expressed in his messages, that the power of corporate monopolies to rule the state, according to their pleasure, and plunder it for their profit, ought to be immediately checked, that the extortion of unreasonable tolls, taxes and freights by railroad companies, and the grossly unjust discriminations between parties whose rights are exactly equal, have never been authorized by any law, are now expressly forbidden by the constitution and, therefore, should be effectually stopped; that the seventeenth article of the constitution being designed merely to make the railroad corporations honest, and hold them like other public servants to the performance of their plain duty, it should be enforced and carried into full effect, and that the wilful failure of the legislature, or members thereof, to enforce the constitution by appropriate legislation, is a direct breach of their oaths, and inexcusable on the score of common morality.

ISRAEL ERB SAVED FROM HANGING.

Imprisonment for Life.

HARRISBURG, May 1st.

The board of pardons held a special meeting in the office of the secretary of internal affairs yesterday afternoon. The session lasted four hours and was intended to complete all business possible before the retirement of Colonel A. K. Dunkle. Recorder Everett read the testimony in the case of old Israel Erb and it took over three hours in the hearing of it. The paper books are voluminous affairs. The board, after a careful consideration, decided to recommend to the governor a commutation of the death sentence to imprisonment for life. The papers to that effect will be prepared and signed in the next few days.

The Anti-Treating Bill Buried.

HARRISBURG, April 25.—The Senate, on motion of King, Democrat, today reconsidered the vote by which Green's anti-treating bill was defeated yesterday. During the discussion that followed, Cooper, in opposing the bill, said he feared that it would increase the number of plug-hats in which to carry flasks. George Handy Smith noticed that most of the supporters of the bill were men who did not treat. For instance, he would never suspect Greer or Sill of treating. George Handy was sure that if the bill passed he could not be re-elected to the Senate. His people would not believe that there was such a law, and by refusal to treat he would lose his reputation for liberality. The bill was again defeated for want of a Constitutional majority, receiving twenty-one votes, four less than it got yesterday. The "nces" were twenty.

What Democratic Unity Means.

From the Erie Evening Herald.

A union of the friends of Mr. Wallace and Mr. Randall will secure for the latter a united democratic delegation from Pennsylvania in favor of his re election to the speakership. It will insure a united delegation in the next democratic national convention and give the Keystone democracy the weight to which they are entitled in the nomination of the presidential ticket. It will put the party in better fighting trim than it has been since 1856, and prove the truth of an assertion made by Chairman Hensel in the Erie opera house last fall—that a majority of the electors of Pennsylvania are democrats and can always carry the state if they poll their full strength. With the good feeling engendered by a lasting peace between the rival leaders, supplemented by thorough organization, the party will poll its full vote and place the Keystone commonwealth permanently in the democratic column.

The Country is Safe Without Them.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer (Dem.)

The New York *Herald* suggests that the Republican party should take steps to send Roscoe Conkling and James G. Blaine back to congress as a measure of precaution. The country seems to be getting along reasonable well without them. Some day they will have to be dispensed with altogether. There is no man, in or out of the public service, who is absolutely indispensable to the country; and sending Conkling and Blaine back to public life would be merely a "measure of precaution" against their falling into political disuse and obscurity.

A LONG STANDING LIE NAILED.

Senator Wallace Corrects an Ancient Libel Recently Revamped.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PHILADELPHIA EVENING TELEGRAPH: In a leading editorial in your paper of Thursday, April 19, the crimes of forging naturalization papers and tax receipts, and of their use for political purpose, are charged upon me, as they repeatedly have been by other newspapers.

I have borne these libellous charges in silence as long as my duty to myself and to those who are to come after me permits. I deny all complicity with, or responsibility for, any such action by any one. At no time in either my professional or political life have I ever aided, abetted, or knowingly permitted the crimes thus charged upon me. If they were committed during my chairmanship of the democratic state committee of Pennsylvania, it was without my knowledge and in violation of my plainly defined policy as the head of my party. There are yet living plenty of witnesses who can affirmatively prove my innocence of these oft-repeated falsehoods.

In being silent hitherto, I have acted on the belief that the people among whom I live were the best judges of their truth or falsity. Since their origin in a heated political campaign, by a personal enemy, fifteen years ago, I have been four times chosen to the state senate, each time leading my party, and three times nominated and once elected to the United States senate. I refer to these as evidences of the opinions of the people among whom I dwell as to my personal record.

Surely, if I were a forger and a political leper, as some newspapers declare me, these things could not have happened.

If the public man, whom you say has been an "active, able and industrious legislator," remains longer silent under these baseless charges, they will become crystallized into political history, false and unfounded though they be.

Under our political system the public man has much to bear, of criticism and injustice from the political press; but I trust that the press will not deny to one of them who seeks to do his duty, as he sees it, to the people of his native state, the publication of this emphatic denial of a long endured calumny. Very respectfully yours,

WILLIAM A WALLACE

Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, Apl. 21.

Georgia Governor Elected.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 24.—The election for governor to-day passed off quietly with a light vote, as there was no opposition to Henry D. McDaniel, democratic nominee. He will probably be inaugurated on May 12. The legislature meets on the 10th to open the returns.

Socialism in This Country.

The New York *Times* has been making a careful study of the Socialist and Communist elements in that city. It finds that both organizations date their existence from the Franco-Prussian war, the former being the froth of Germany and the latter from France. When first collected together the members of both organizations were very fierce in their denunciation of government, society and capital. They demanded the leveling of everything, displayed the most bloodthirsty mottoes and applauded the bitterest denunciations of all established things.

Their membership included many skilled laborers who were able to obtain work at remunerative wages. Gradually these men, with the frugal instincts of their nations, saved money which was invested in homes and business. As they secured this start in life their socialistic views underwent a marked change. They were not so enthusiastic in their demand for the leveling process. They dropped out of the societies for agitation or they were changed into organizations for pleasure or mutual improvement. The result is that there are not more than two hundred Socialists and Communists of the bloodthirsty order remaining in New York, and not to exceed a thousand of all kinds and degrees.

The same is true, in even a greater degree, of the entire country, as New York has always had a larger proportion of this class than could be found in any other community. It is simply the conserving influence of a house and lot. The rewards of labor are both sure and swift and the educating influence of free speech so potent that any other result would be unnatural. When these people have just come out of the cave of Adullam the prospect appears dark and unpromising, but when they discover that all wealth has been created by labor and that they have only to sell this commodity to enjoy its fruits themselves, revolutionary ideas and Utopian dreams are alike dissipated.

Such figures ought to reassure those people who are in mortal dread of free speech and who lament the fearful license which is indulged under it. Human nature may be trusted to take care of it. It can best be repressed by letting it severely alone. If the English Government had been wise enough to use the money spent in detecting, convicting and imprisoning Herr Most in buying him a small house and lot in the suburbs of London he would have settled down and long ere this he would have become one of the mildest and most harmless of men. Socialism only needs to be given work and a license to talk and it will effect its own cure.—Philadelphia *Times*.

SECRETARY AFRICA'S ASSISTANTS.

HARRISBURG, May 1st.

To-day the incoming officials of the department of internal affairs take charge. The secretary, Hon. J. Simpson Africa, has made his apointments for the term beginning May 1, 1883, and the list is as annexed.

Deputy Secretary—J. Wilson Greenland, Clarion, deputy prothonotary.

Chief of Bureau of Industrial Statistics—Joel B. McCamant, Pottsville.

Draughtsman—B. Franklin Africa, Huntingdon.

Clerks—S. W. Buck, Bradford; John L. Butler, Warren, lawyer, represents the labor reform interest; John M. Cooper, Blair, editor; Robert H. Forster, ex-editor Centre *Democrat*; Frank B. Fluck, Bedford, surveyor; James B. Hackett, Perry, surveyor; Eml. L. Hambright, Lancaster; Ellis L. Mumma, Dauphin; Thomas D. Nash, McKean, printer; A. Slemmer Pomeroy, Montgomery, clerk; Charles A. Glenn, Schuylkill, of the present force: John A. McCahan, Blair of the present force.

Messenger—Michael Bradley, Philadelphia.

Messenger to Bureau of Industrial Statistics—Edward T. La Mont, Cumberland.

Night Watchman—John B. Moore, Dauphin.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30th, 1883.

While discussing the speakership of the next house of representatives the other day somebody asked why Frank Hurd, of Ohio, had not been brought out. Undoubtedly he would make a good speaker, but he is not a candidate and notwithstanding his popularity there are reasons why his candidacy would not be wise or successful. But this reminds me of a circumstance connected with the electoral count of 1876-7. Mr. Hurd was a member of congress then, and one of the ninety democrats who stood out to the last against the outrage of counting in Hayes. He had in his possession facts which would have enabled him to defeat the count had not his high sense of honor prevented his using them. His room at Wormley's hotel was next to the one in which the famous conference of republican leaders was held, and he overheard, by accident, some of the strategic schemes for deceiving the democrats and propositions made to certain southern members in order to gain their acquiescence to the work of commission. Yet Hurd never made any use of his knowledge. Neither has he since ever given any account of what he heard. He told me once, says a well-known western correspondent, about the fact of his being made an involuntary eavesdropper, and when I asked him what he heard, he replied, "Enough to have defeated the counting in of Hayes beyond a peradventure, but I could better have afforded to have him counted in than to have used illegitimate means to defeat that end. I could not afford to go down to history as an eavesdropper, and so I held my tongue, not even telling any of my associates until the fight was over.

PHONO.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Reuben S. Zerby having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

A. P. ZERBY, Administrator.

Penn township, April 12., 1883.

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1	3	5	7	9
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Montandon	7 05	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10 05	2 20		
Fair Ground	7 30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.45	10.36	2.40		
Mifflinburg	8.00 ar	11.00 ar	2.55		
			le. 3 05		
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.00		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2	4	6	8	10
		A. M.		P. M.	
Spring Mills		5.50		2.50	
Coburn		6 18		2.20	
Fowler		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.30		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
		A. M.			
Mifflinburg		8.00	11.45	4.15	
			P. M.		
Vicksburg		8.15	12.10	4.32	
Biehl		8 20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.30	12.33	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.30
Montandon	ar. 6.45	ar. 9.00	ar 1.05	ar. 5.20	ar 7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

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" "	embossed plush parlor suits	75.00	" "	125.00
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Choice "	"	75	" "	1.10
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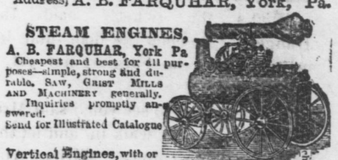

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Fig. 1. Fig. 2.

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The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 3RD, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—Most everybody says there is another snow coming.

—Dr. Stam has constructed a good board walk along his entire front. Bravo.

—The *Watchman* calls our enterprising townsman H. H. Tomlinson the John Wanamaker of Millheim.

—Mr. R. O. Deihl, of Howard, was here on Saturday to visit friends and acquaintances. Bob looked tip top.

—Quite a number of our citizens who attended court last week received their "favorable mention" in the Bellefonte papers.

—Trout fishing has not thus far panned out very well this season, but whether the trout, the anglers or the weather is to blame is an open question.

—Mr. E. Bartholomew bought a building lot on Penn street from D. A. Musser, on which he intends to build a house. Who is the next man to do the same?

—Mr. D. H. Lenker has quit his branch furniture shop at Millheim, but will be happy to serve all old as well as new customers at his regular place of business, Aaronsburg.

—Wolfe & Hosterman, the enterprising merchants at Woodward, have just received a large stock of all kinds of spring and summer goods and are selling as low as the lowest.

—The editors are hard up for local news. People are all busy and nothing stiring transpires—and yet this state of things is preferable even to one that requires the writing up of accidents.

—The weather varied nearly all of last week between cold, rain and some attempts at snowing and occasionally a little sunshine. Farmers are much detained in their work in consequence.

—Mr. P. B. Stover, of Pleasant Valley, Lincoln county, Kansas, writes us under date of April 28th that they had plenty of spring rains out there and that wheat and other vegetation appear very promising.

—Both of our landlords are repairing, papering and painting their hotels in first class style.

Mr. Musser is putting up four street lamps at his hotel—a very necessary improvement.

VALUABLE HOME AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will sell at public sale next Saturday the 5th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., that valuable property in Millheim known as the George Harter homestead.

—Only three applications for license out of a total forty-four were rejected by our judges last week. Centre county now has forty-one licensed hotels and saloons and one wholesale liquor store, at Philipsburg.

ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday Mr. Samuel Weiser, Jr., while working at Judge Whitmer's steam saw mill, near Paddy's tunnel, had the misfortune to have two fingers of his left hand severely lacerated by a circular saw.

—At Stam's store you will find as good a line of dry goods, groceries, boots & shoes, notions and general merchandise as anywhere in this section and the prices are as low as the lowest. Go there yourself and see that these facts *are facts*.

—Hon. S. Woods Caldwell, proprietor of the Irwin House at Lock Haven, has made a big improvement in his hotel. The house has been repainted, papered, renovated and refurnished, and is acknowledged to be one of the best arranged hotels in the state.

—Bellefonte has just organized a new building and Loan Association. The number of shares will be limited to 1000 and no individual can hold more than 20. George L. Potter is the temporary president and Recorder Frank E. Bible secretary.

—Squire Camp at Centre Hall is busy as ever making and selling all kinds of furniture.

Parlor Suits,
Chamber Suits,
Lounges,
Chairs,
Tables, &c. &c.

all of best style and make and at the lowest prices. 2t

—R. A. Bumiller and Harvey Confer have each painted their residences on Penn street, and both appear "just splendid." The new street is fast becoming a beautiful thoroughfare and after a few more good buildings and another church are built we will make a motion to call it *Pennsylvania Avenue*.

—J. A. Limbert is really one of the most accommodating and reliable fellows that ever drove a stage. Throughout the year he carries a very large amount of express goods all along the route, and delivers them in person.

Everything is always right and his charges are really moderate. You can safely entrust our business to him.

THE SICK.—Our old friend Sebastian Musser had an attack of palsy last week and is in a precarious condition since. Wm. Reifsnyder, Sr., who suffers from a cancerous affection in the face has not improved since our last mention, and Wm. Miller is still confined to the house, although it is thought he is getting better slowly.

—The Buffalo Run R. R. is being pushed rapidly and it is thought that track laying can begin early in August. But how about the extension of the Lewisburg & Tyrone road? Who can tell anything about that?

—The three burglars who made a raid on Lucas Bro's store in Howard, last winter, all plead guilty at court last week and were sentenced to the penitentiary as follows: Chambers and Stine seven years each, Shoemaker four years.

CORNER STONE LAYING.—On Sunday the 6th of May next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., the corner stone of the new Evangelical Church, now in course of erection at Coburn Station, will be laid with appropriate services. Preaching by Rev. B. Hengst. The public is cordially invited to attend. 2t

—It is reported that a young man named Albert Suitor, of Clinton county, has constructed a perpetual motion machine. Such concerns may do well enough where they are new, but we have had them here some twenty years ago, all complete and ready to run—the only fault was *they didn't run*. Perhaps the Clinton county boy may overcome this difficulty.

—Mrs. Jonathan Harter and Miss Elizabeth Reighard, of Millheim, and Rev. J. Tomlinson and Miss Jennie E. Bright, of Aaronsburg, left for Lock Haven Tuesday morning as delegates to the Lutheran Synodical Sunday School Convention, which meets there this week. Miss Bright is also a delegate to the Synodical Women's Missionary Society which also meets at Lock Haven the same time.

—We notice with unfeigned pleasure in the *Patriot* of Monday that Maj. R. H. Forster has been appointed to a prominent clerkship by Secretary Africa of the Department of Internal Affairs. The Secretary has made a most excellent choice in the person of Maj. Forster, and the Major's many friends throughout this section of the state will fully appreciate the compliment so fittingly bestowed. As a clerk he has rare qualifications and a large experience. No better selection could have been made and certainly none more worthy and popular.

— Last fall and this spring several houses in town were painted with the celebrated Rubber Paint and the appearance of those buildings will at once prove the superiority of the article. It has a thick and heavy body, covering a board completely with one coat and producing a splendid gloss with the second coat. We have used it and can give it a good recommendation. If you are in need of paint call on MUSSER & SMITH, Hardware Store, Millheim, who are sole agents for the Rubber Paint.

SINGERS AND CHOIRS—AWAKE!—The Grand Musical Jubilee to be held at Selinsgrove, June 12th to 15th, is already an assured success. Flattering reports are being recieved daily from different parts of the state, of singers that will be in attendance. The music is now ready for distribution and will be furnished free to all singers. Organize societies at once, send for copies of "Jubilee Book" and go to work.

A society will be organized at Aaronsburg, for the purpose of practicing and rehearsing the music for the great musical feast. The first meeting will be held Saturday evening, May 5th next in the Reformed church. Wm. T. Meyer, who will have entire charge of the exercises, desires all singers residing in Aaronsburg, Millheim, Penn Hall, Spring Mills, Rebersburg and other convenient localities where they do not expect to organize local classes, to attend the first as well as all succeeding meetings, once a week. Singers, join the class, and in this way help to carry forward to a successful consummation one of the *grandest* musical jubilees ever held in the state of Pennsylvania.

STATE CONSTITUTIONAL TEMPERANCE AMENDMENT ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of the State Constitutional Temperance Amendment Association is appointed to take place at Bellefonte, Centre county, Wednesday, May 23rd, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and will continue in session until the business is disposed of. By the terms of the Constitution the annual meeting shall be composed of the executive committee, shareholders of State stock, two delegates from each county and local auxiliary, two delegates from each State and local organization in sympathy with the Constitutional Amendment, and two delegates from each christ congregation in the State.

The Executive Committee are requested to meet at the same place on Tuesday, 22d, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., by tian order of the chairman.

County Auxiliaries are expected to make a report of the work in their respective districts, and if from any cause any of them should fail to be represented to forward their reports to the Secretary, care of D. S. Keller, Esq., Bellefonte.

The Christian ladies of Bellefonte have kindly invited us to their hospitalities, and suggest that delegates be distinguished by a white ribbon, so as to be recognized by the committee of entertainment on their arrival.

DANIEL AGNEW, *President.*
JAMES PARKS, JR.,
Chair. Exec. Com.
E. E. SWIFT, *Treasurer.*
D. L. STARR, *Secretary.*

Letter from Williamsport.

Messrs. Editors:

Have you a place in your valuable paper for a letter from Williamsport? Of course you have.

Williamsport is indeed a very beautiful and flourishing town—a young city in fact—with a wide-awake, pushing and enterprising people. Although much building was done last year and much is in progress this year, the call for dwelling houses continues unabated so that three hundred more new houses could easily be filled. The demand is far in excess of the supply.

Fires are now the order of the day, but thanks to our vigilant and efficient force of fire men no great losses have lately occurred, with the exception of the one on the night of the 14th ult., when a barn was burned to the ground. Four valuable horses, a wagon with an organ on it—all the property of Mr. S. Q. Mingle, were burned along with other property. Mr. Mingle's loss is about $1,700.

Our city promises to be all life this summer. First the State Teachers' Association will meet here July 10th, and remain in session three days. In August the encampment of the Third Brigade will take place and is to last a week. A great many people are expected on both occasions and our people look forward to these gatherings with much interest and pleasure.

The sad accident that occured here the other Thursday evening cast a gloom over the whole community. During the severe thunder storm that swept over the valley on that evening a party of nineteen men and boys started to cross the river in two boats. The storm broke upon them with such force as to upset the boats and four boys were drounded—and sad and singular to say, *all widous' sons*. The bodies were all recovered. Their names are Foreman Hartman, aged 21, Truman Rheads, aged 20, Grant Moore, aged 17, and Fay Wilt, aged 15. They were all highly esteemed and their tragic death is mourned by the entire community.

More anon.

CLAUDE.

NOTE.—Shall be happy to hear from you again, friend Claude. Your letter is well written, but you must pardon some few changes in style and arrangement. You know editors are stubborn fellows and will have their own way about such little things. But go on—you deserve encouragement.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

Mr. W. F. Confer is the new *counter hopper* at Grenoble's. Mr. G. was fortunate in his selection.

Pealer & Long, the new mercantile firm are now ready for customers, having just returned from the east with a very extensive stock of merchandise. *Advertise*, gentlemen, and increase your business largely.

The new saw mill firm, Grenoble & Krape, are now prepared to do all kinds of work in their line. The last addition in machinery is a *re-saw*. Mr. Philips, the foreman thoroughly understands his work. A little printer's ink would help your business, gentlemen.

J. F. Rearick's new house is up and makes a good appearance.

Spring Mills now has four general stores, hardware store, two tin shops, two hotels, two smith shops, shoe shop, planning mill, jewelry store, cooper shop, four grain dealers, three saw mills, large public school building with three rooms, an excellent acadamy, and two churches—yet there is plenty of room for other and more improvements: SAM PATCH.

A $20.00 Bible Reward.

The publishers of *Rutledge's Monthly* offer twelve valuable rewards in their *Monthly* for May, among which is the following:

We will give $20.00 in gold to the person telling us which is the shortest chapter in the New Testament Scriptures (not the New Revision) by May 10th, 1883. Should two or more correct answers be received, the reward will be divided. The money will be forwarded to the winner May 15th, 1883. Persons trying for the reward must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken with their answer, for which they will receive the June *Monthly*, in which the name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will be published, and in which several more valuable rewards will be offered. Address, RUTLEDGE PUBLISHING COMPANY, Easton, Penna.

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Nos. 317 & 319 ARCH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

RATES REDUCED TO $2.00 PER DAY.

The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and the different Rail-Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

Miscellaneous.

The Senate has passed a bill forbidding the change of text books in public schools oftener than once in five years. It now goes to the House and will probably pass. This is a measure that every parent will heartily sanction.

The following general order was issued from the post office department at Washington recently: "All letters upon which one full rate of postage has been prepaid and all postal cards shall be forwarded from the office at the request of the addressed, or of the party whose card may be upon the evelope, or whose name may be signed to the postal card, without additional charge of postage. Such forwarding must be continued until the party addressed is reached."

Suicide or Accident.

YORK, Aril 23,—Robert E. Shutter, a young moulder, aged 30, was obliged to stop work this morning on account of feeling unwell. On his way home he stopped at Goodling's hotel and took a drink. As the bar-keeper was making change Shutter noticed a revolver in the money drawer and asked to look at it. In handling it was discharged, the ball entering Shutter's heart, killing him almost instantly. The Coroner's jury could not decide whether it was suicide or accident.

Counting the Chickens too Early.

From the Chattanooga (Tenn.) Democrat.

The metropolitan Republican journals of the North are predicting disunion in the Democratic ranks in 1884 and consequent defeat, and patronizingly point out the rocks upon which we will founder. Such generosity is unparalleled, but it is love's labor lost. The Republicans had better look well to their own ammunition, and give wise heed to their own stragglers. When the Democrats open in 1884 the campaign will have been well matured.

A Big Fish Catches a Little Boy.

From the Gastonia Gazette.

A little boy at Lineberger's factory, on the South Fork, went fishing one day last week. His mother soon heard him calling for help. She ran down to the river and found that the boy had hooked a fish so large that it had pulled him into the river. Determined to save the fish, the youngster, who is an expert swimmer, had thrust his hand and arm into the fish's mouth and out at the gill. His mother drew both to the bank in safety. The fish was an immense trout, weighing eight pounds. That boy is a credit to North Carolina.

Gold in the Lebanon Valley.

LEBANON, April 24.—The indication of the discovery of gold in paying quantities near Meyerstown, this county, have raised considerable hope here. The Clark mining company after careful tests of ores have determined to erect a smelting furnace with capacity for twelve tons. The company consists of Dr. M. C. Kreitz, H. C. Kreitz and A. Rex, of Philadelphia, and William Kreitzer, of Bloomington, Illinois. They are all practical men, active and enterprising. Recent analysis shows five per cent. of gold and other valuable metals in considerable quantities. The mine has reached a depth of thirty feet and the prospects grow brighter as the work progresses.

Sounds Like Old Times.

A seedy-looking fellow dropped into the city editor's room, and failing to borrow a half dollar, he begged to narrate his experience. "I used to be an officer of the State, I did. I was sheriff, and member of the Legislature, and constable, and clerk of the courts, and judge and a candidate time and again, and had a high old frolic, I did." "I don't believe it," said the city editor. "Why don't you?" "Because I have a letter here which says you are a thief, and a liar, and a traducer, and a defaulter, and a low down brawler, and a lover of all that is vile and wicked, and dishonest, and abhorent to decent people, and a—" "Ah, ah! stranger, go on and read that all over again, and read it loud. It sounds like old times. It brings back the days when I ran for office. It reads like an editorial in an opposition paper, and brings again to my memory that blessed period when I felt like somebody and life was worth living for. Oh glorious hours of the past, will ye ever come back to me?" and the tears rolled down his cheeks as the city editor repeated the magic words, and then gave him a quarter to sober up.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

MARRIED.

On the 1st ult., by Rev. E. Stambach, Mr. F. W. E. Snyder, of Snyder Co., Pa., and Barbara E. McCool, of Centre Co.

On the 12th ult., by Rev. P. C. Weidemeyer, Mr. Levi Long, of Gregg, and Miss Annie P. Fox, of Haines.

On the 19th ult., by Rev. George W. Currin, Mr. Uriah D. Osman and Mrs. Carrie E. Wolf, both of Centre Hall.

DIED.

On the 27th ult., near Penn Hall, Mr. John Rockey, aged 81 years, 7 months and 14 days.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL, & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

WISE people are always on the look-out for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old,	1.05
" new, No. 2	95
" " No. 3	75
Corn	65
Rye	70
Oats White	
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	20.00
Salt, per Bri	1.50
Plaster, ground	9.50
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	8.50
Butter	22
Hams	17
Sides	15
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	18
Potatoes	60
Lard	15
Tallow	
Soap	5
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.25
Stove "	5.25
Chestnut "	5.00
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.40

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Office on Main treet,

MILLHEIM, PA.

DR. JOHN F. HARTER,

Practical Dentist,

Office opposite the Millheim Banking House,

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BELLEFONTE, PA.

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LOCK HAVEN, PA.

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Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers on first floor.

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Spring Beds,

Matresses, &c.

CENTRE HALL, PENNA.

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LEWISBURG, PENNA

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PRICES that will bear COMPETITION.

WE WILL NOT ADD MORE, BUT SIMPLY SAY THAT YOU WILL FIND THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF GOODS IN OUR LINE, AND THAT WE

CANNOT BE UNDERSOLD!

Respectfully,

B. HARRIS,

Market Street, Lewisburg, Pa.

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A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF

A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels Costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents.

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Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

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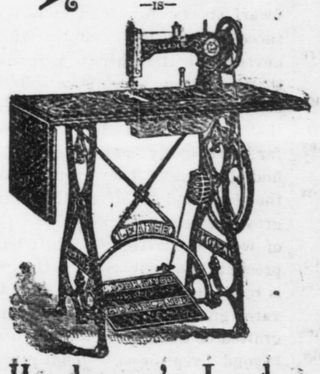

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ESTABLISHED 1832.

CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

Texas has a million acres of land fit for sugar culture.

A large number of Nashville boys and girls are going into silk culture.

The national debt of France, ($4,683,840,000,) is three times as large as ours.

Twenty-eight mining explosions occurred last year, of which fifteen were fatal.

The winner of a corn-raising contest near Rome, Ga., raised thirty-seven bushels on a half acre.

Figures were used by the Arabian Moors about 900, and were introduced into Spain in 1050, and into England in 1253.

The pension list of the United States is eight times as large as that of England and ten times greater than that of France.

The first systematic attempt to instruct the deaf and dumb was made by Pedro de Ponce, a Spanish Benedictine monk, about 1570.

A chicken ventriloquist is one of the curiosities of Concord, Ky. He crows with clarion notes, and then makes echo-like repetitions of them, gradually dying away as if at an increasing distance.

William Campbell, a young farmer of Mexico, Mo., won a wager of $100, and received 2½ cents a bushel besides for his labor, at a corn-shucking bee. In eight days he threw over his shoulder 542 bushels of corn.

Tin is frequently mentioned in the Iliad, and it would seem that the Greeks were very familiar with it. It was used for the raised work on shields and for greaves, and it was also employed for domestic purposes.

It has been said that a blind man named Benson, who has been an inmate of the Wethersfield (Conn.) town house for more than fifty years, has such a remarkable memory that he can repeat almost every word of any sermon he hears.

The demise and obsequies of a Brunswick (Me.) cat gave a hint to the long-named society. The family physician nursed the animal in its illness, the undertaker composed its remains in a $12.50 casket, and its mistress cabled her husband in Europe that the end had come.

Catechisms were compiled in the eighth or ninth century; Luther's were published 1520 and 1529. The catechism of the Church of England at first contained only the baptismal vow, the creed, the ten commandments and the Lord's prayer with explanations, but an explication of the sacraments was added by the bishops in obedience to an order made by James I.

Trained horses have shown in England that they are capable of jumping great distances. Chandler cleared thirty-nine feet over a break at Warwick; Calverthorpe, thirty-three feet over hurdles at Newport Pagnell; King of the Valley, thirty-five feet over the Wissedine brook, Leicestershire: Lottery, thirty-four feet at Liverpool; Peter Simple, thirty-seven feet at Boston.

A Honest Man.

A gentleman stopped his horse at a tollgate, and not seeing the gate-keeper, went into the house. Finding no one, he began a general search and finally discovered the gate-keeper out in the field at work. Although the old man was quite a distance away, the gentleman went into the field, approached the old man and said:

"You are the tollgate keeper, I believe."

"Yes, sir," the old man replied, turning and leaning on his hoe handle.

"Well, I want to go through the gate."

"Ain't the gate open?"

"Yes."

"Well, why don't you go through? It's my business to be there."

"Because I wanted to pay you."

"And you came all the way out here to pay me five cents?"

"Yes, sir," said the gentleman, proudly looking the old man in the eye.

"Couldn't you have left the money on the table?"

"Yes, but I wanted you to know that I paid you."

"You are an honest man."

"Yes, sir," replied the gentleman, while a pleased expression spread over his face.

"You would have walked three times as far to have paid me that five cents, wouldn't you?"

"Yes, sir, I would."

"Here, John," the old man called to a boy that lay in the shade, "call the dog and go along and watch this feller till he gets away. Bet a hundred dollars he steals something 'fore he leaves the place."—*Arkansas Traveller.*

An Unsophisticated Way.

Any Esquimaux asked to undertake a journey or perform a labor he does not like does not declare that he is not at home, but he has a precisely similar formality adapted to his own circumstances. He does not like to tell the stranger proposing to him that he does not wish to go, or that the pay is not sufficient, or, in short, that he will not go; but he says, "I have no boots." This is not to be accepted as a hint that a pair of boots would be an acceptable present; it is merely a polite refusal, and in strict politeness must be accepted as unhesitatingly as our own "Not at home."

FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Hot Bath for Insects.

A German method for destroying thrips and red spiders is to have a large vessel filled with clean hot water at a temperature of 133 degrees. The infested plants are dipped into the water for the space of four seconds when the insects will be killed, and no damage result to the plants; it is best not to continue the immersion longer than the time noted. If afterwards a few insects appear that have developed since the operation, it may be repeated. The temperature of the water should be watched and not allowed to fall below 122 degrees. It is said that even young shoots and flower buds will not suffer in the least from this treatment.—*Vick.*

How to Feed Meal to Cows.

It is a matter of some importance, says a writer in the *New England Farmer*, how meal is fed to cows. Owing to the peculiar structure of the cow's digestive organs, when meal is fed alone, instead of going into the first stomach where the hay goes and remaining until it is remasticated, it goes directly to the third and thence to the fourth stomach. The consequence is that the meal is not subjected to the softening process which the hay undergoes, and which would render it more easily digestible. Where considerable meal is fed a portion of it is liable to be imperfectly digested and thus occasions loss. By wetting the meal and hay and mixing them together before feeding, the meal will be eaten along with the hay and will be subjected to the whole digestive process. It is believed that by thus feeding the cows, more meal can be digested without disturbance of the digestive organs, and, consequently more milk obtained than by feeding the milk separately. This is a matter worthy the consideration of those who feed dairy cows.

How Butter May be Spoiled.

Good butter may be spoiled in churning. Over-churning ruins the texture and changes the proper waxiness to a disagreeable, sickly greasiness. This is the more easily done in a churn with dashes, which press the butter against the sides of the churn and squeeze and rub it until it is spoiled. Too long churning spoils the quality by the oxidation of the butter, and the premature formation of strong flavored acids in it, the full presence of which we call rancidity. It may be spoiled at too high a temperature, by which it is made soft and oily and of greasy texture and flavor. No subsequent treatment can remedy this error. It may be spoiled before the cream reaches the churn by keeping it long, or, what is practically the same, by keeping it in too warm a place; 50 degrees is about the right temperature if the cream is kept a week; if it is kept at 62 degrees three days is long enough. White specks are produced in butter by overchurning or by having the cream too sour. Either of these falts produces curd in the milk, and the small flakes of this cannot be washed out of the butter. So will the use of salt containing specks of lime which unite with the butter and form insoluble lime soap. White specks are covered up to a large extent by using good coloring, which is made of oil as the solvent. But this use of coloring being used to disguise a fault and to add an undeserved virtue is worthy of denunciation.—*American Dairyman.*

Budding and Grafting

An address read by A. F. Barron before the North of Scotland horticultural society, is published in the London *Garden*, occupying several columns. It contains a statement of many interesting facts, but some of its statements, not being of universal application, may be modified. One of these is that "in strong calcareous soils dwarf stocks for fruit trees do not succeed." In this country we have never had better success with dwarfs than on strong calcareous soils, good cultivation being given. Another is that "peaches worked on the plum are far more hardy and vigorous." We find otherwise. They grow slower on the plum, and so far as this retarded growth exists, with its earlier ripening of wood, the trees are slightly hardier, precisely the same as when the growth is reduced on poor soils or in uncultivated ground. Again, "a pear may be grafted on the apple, but does not live beyond a year or so." Some pears will live for several years; we have seen the old summer Bonchretien some twelve years or more grafted on a Spitzenburg apple, bearing well, and some other sorts several years. The same writer further states that a gardener grafted a certain pear on a common hawthorn, and "the fruit was very similar to haws." Obviously, he mistook a shoot closely below the point of union for one above it; or else inserted by mistake one of the shoots he had just trimmed from the hawthorn. We have known both these mistakes committed by men usually careful.—*Cultivator.*

A New Use for Sawdust.

A writer to the *Home and Farm*, Kentucky, makes mention of the use of sawdust in planting potatoes, and asserts that the product where sawdust was used was twice as great as where none was used, and larger and smoother. It was not stated whether the sawdust was used as an absorbent, was mixed with manure, or was used as it originally came from the saw, which would make considerable difference. Neither was it stated how much was used in the hill, nor whether the sawdust was from hard or soft wood, all of which are very important considerations. But it is hardly probable that this article in its native state will be used very extensively as a fertilizer until more is known about it, although if as stated, the yield of potatoes can be doubled by its use, at the present time, when there are so many portable mills at work in the general destruction of the forests of New England, and sawdust is accumulating in quantities, if it can be utilized as profitably, it certainly should be done.

Within a few years farmers in Columbia, Ct., have been in the habit of carting from a permanent saw-mill the sawdust that accumulated, using it as an absorbent and for bedding purposes, but no claim has ever been made, nor has it been suggested, that of itself it possessed any agricultural value further than its absorptive power, but that it exerted a remarkably beneficial mechanical effect upon the manure with which it was incorporated, so that it very much aided its disintegration or pulverization, a thing that is always desirable. Sawdust is a substance that is useful to the farmer in the office it performs as an absorbent and disintegrator, and also in the use that is so satisfactorily made of it for packing around the ice of an ice house, but its further use has not yet been satisfactory proved.

Taking Tea with the Japanese.

Says a traveler: "The great peculiarity of this tea drinking ceremony consists in the exactness with which everything is done. A spoon, cup, or whatever is handled, has to be taken hold of in a particular way, set down in a particular place, and touched in a particular part, and everything is done with the same strange precision. What I saw was part of the ceremony of 'thin tea drinking,' and part of the ceremony of 'thick tea-drinking,' but the whole is simply a lesson in those laws of politeness which were formerly so rigidly exacted in every mansion and on every state occasion; and which are still largely kept up in the houses of the old aristocracy. Originally, the ceremony was of a secret character, and no servant entered the house in which it took place—the master kindling the fire, boiling the water, making the tea, and, in short, doing everything for the guests; but in later years it has become a mere ceremony of an extremely fashionable character. One or two things in this service struck me as especially strange. Thus, both host and guests knelt from the time they entered the building till the time they left it; and even when the master had to go to a little back room to fetch water, cups or whatever else he might require, he shuffled on his kness to the slide which served as a door, and then, having opened it, shuffled through the opening till he was well on the other side, when he rose to his feet; but this he must not do while in the presence of his guests. The chief guest, moreover, is the spokesman for the company, and no word is uttered save by the chief guest or host during the service, be it ever so long. The chief guest also demands everything—thus he asks for tea and refreshments; but the particular moment at which each request has to be made is arranged by the code of etiquette. At opportune moments the chief guest also asks if he may look at the tea-caddy, a spoon, a bowl, or the teapot. Receiving the necessary permission, he shuffles on his knees to the place where the object demanded is, takes it, bows his forehead to the ground, then rising, touches his forehead with the object received, and begins to examine it. Looking at the tea-pot, he asks if it is silver; then, who made it; then opening it and smelling the tea, what tea costs per pound; after which inquiries he passes it to the next guest, and makes a remark to the host which should, if possible, be at the same time a compliment and a pun. After each guest has duly inspected the object, the chief guest shuffles again across the floor, and returns it to its place. Object after object is brought, examined and returned in the same manner."

Prophecies for the Credulous.

Hardly had people recovered from the nerve-shattering soothsaying of Mother Shipton when the weird words of wind-compelling Wiggins is well rubbed from recollection, two ancient prophecies have been unearthed for the present year. One is from the writings of Nostradamus, a French astrologer of the sixteenth century, which may be thus rendered:

"In eighteen hundred and eighty-three,
When woods in vernal green shall be,
Against misfortune and mischance
A lame man shall protect our France."

The Comte de Chambord is lame, and may be taken to represent the "boiteaux" or "boiteux."

The second blood-curdler is:

"When Easter falls in our Lady's lap
To England shall come a great mishap."

Now, Easter Sunday this year fell, for the first time in about a hundred years, on "Lady Day," March 15.

We now manufacture another prophecy:

When in one week fall Sundays two,
Prophetic rhymes may chance come true.

THE NEWS.

Postoffice Inspector Pulsifer has arrested James Cuisin, postmaster at Worthington, Iowa, on a charge of detaining mails. He states that he found in Worthington twenty-six registered letters and a large quantity of ordinary mail detained in transit from one to eight weeks.

A fire occurred in Sol. Bunnel's hotel and stables at Elmira, N. Y. A number of trotting horses were burned, among them Rosa B. valued at $1,500; Bob Stewart, valued at $1,000, and Lady Beckman, valued at $3,000. Nine carriage horses, worth upwards of $2,000 were also burned. Sol. Bunnell was badly burned while trying to save the stock.

During thee progress of a fire in Heaton's saw mill at Trenton, N. J., Stewart Heaton, son of the proprietor, entered the mill. He became blinded by smoke and fell across a circular saw, and his head was completely severed from his body.

At the Tewksbury almshouse investigation at Boston, Christian Mueller testified to tanning human skins received from various doctors and students, and a pair of uppers for slippers made from a woman's skin were shown.

It is reported that John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, was attacked by a violent hemorrhage of the lungs, in Boston, and was for a time so weak that his life was considered in danger.

The Western nail mill at Belleville, Ill., has been burned. The loss is from $75,000 to $100,000, and is insured. The mill ran 63 nail machines and employed 200 men.

One of the buildings of the New Haven Clock Company has been burned. Loss $20,000.

Middle and Southern News

The Maryland State Temperance Alliance convention adopted resolutions favoring the submission to the people of the State of a prohibition constitutional amendment.

The Western North Carolina Railroad has been considerably damaged by the recent floods. Seven landslides are reported, and many trestles west of Nashville are washed away, and trains run only to Statesville.

Near Leavittsburg, O., John Delong shot and killed a widow named Griswold because she persisted in refusing to marry him. He then shot himself, falling dead near his victim's body.

Newburgh, Frenkle & Co., one of the largest wholesale clothing houses in Cincinnati, have made an assignment. Their capital is estimated at over $300,000.

Eliza Pinkerton, the famous Louisana witnesses in the electoral controversy of 1876-77, recently died in jail at Canton, Miss., where she was serving a term for larceny.

Marks, Brother & Co., commission merchants, of New Orleans and Matamoras, have suspended. The liabilities will exceed $100,000.

Henry D. McDaniel has been elected Governor of Georgia to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Gov. Stevens.

The Philadelphia opera house has been burned out again, making the third time since it was built.

Washington News.

It is under tood that a suite of rooms at Fort Monroe has been engaged for President Arthur, where he proposes to spend a week or more. He intended to stop there on his return from Florida, but the alarming rumors of his illness hurried him home.

A photographic counterfeit of the new five dollar bill has been presented at the Treasury department for redemption. It had passed through the Broadway National Bank, of New York, and was a counterfeit on the First National Bank of Milwaukee.

Ex-surgeon-general of the army died in this city. He was on the retired list. He was in his 82d year.

It is reported that Mr. Partridge will not return to Persia.

Foreign News.

LONDON, April 25.—The jury before whom the case of Timothy Kelly was on trial in Dublin, yesterday failed to agree on a verdict and were discharged. The trial of Fagan, another of the alleged Phœnix Park murderers was begun.

The Canadian Pacific Railroad proposes to take Irish immigrants into the Canadian Northwest.

Several persons were injured by an explosion of gas in a Paris theatre last night, and an explosion in a mine at Bessinger, France, killed many miners.

The steamship British Commerce, bound from England to Melborne, was sunk off the English coast in a collision yesterday and 25 lives were lost.

France has the largest national debt in the world, the result of the Prussian indemnity. It amounts to $4,683,840,000, or $117.79 for every man, woman and child in the country.

The French Senate yesterday passed the bill converting the five per cent. rentes into four and a-half per cents. In the Chamber of Deputies M. Brue, Minister of Marine, submitted a bill providing for an appropriation of 5,000,000 francs for the Tonquin expedition.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR—City Mills extra..	$4 25	@	4 75
WHEAT—Southern Fultz...	1 20	@	1 22
CORN—Southern white.....	65	@	66
Do yellow.....	63	@	65
RYE—Good.....	70	@	73
OATS—Maryland.....	54	@	56
COTTON—Middling.....	10	@	10⅛
Good ordinary.....	8¼	@	8⅜
HAY—Md. and Pa. Timot'y	18 00	@	19 00
STRAW—Wheat.....	8 00	@	9 00
BUTTER—Western prime..	26	@	29
West Virginia.....	19	@	21
CHEESE—New York State choice.....	15	@	16
Western prime.....	14	@	14½
EGGS.....	15	@	16
CATTLE.....	5 00	@	6 12
SWINE.....	9	@	11
SHEEP AND LAMBS.....	4	@	5½
TOBACCO LEAF—Inferior.	1 50	@	2 00
Good common.....	3 00	@	4 50
Middling.....	6 00	@	8 00
Good to fine red.....	8 50	@	10 00
Fancy.....	1000	@	14 00

NEW YORK.

COTTON—Middling upland	10	@	10¼
FLOUR—Southern com. to fair extra.....	4 75	@	5 10
WHEAT—No. 1 white.....	1 25	@	1 26
RYE—State.....	78	@	79
CORN—Southern Yellow....	68	@	69
OATS—White State.....	51	@	54
BUTTER—State.....	20	@	24
CHEESE—State.....	14	@	15
EGGS.....	20	@	28

PHILADELPHIA.

FLOUR—Penna. fancy.....	4 75	@	5 10
WHEAT—Pa. and Southern red.....	1 2[illegible]	@	1 21
RYE—Pennsylvania.....	70	@	72
CORN—Southern yellow....	63	@	64
OATS.....	52	@	53
BUTTER—State.....	20	@	27
EGGS—State.....	15	@	17

A JOYFUL GREETING.

Hello! How are you? I am glad at last your eyes have fallen upon me. Now that we have met, pray cultivate the acquaintance, for it is my purpose to interest and serve you. Between you and I, though only a newspaper article, I am ambitious. Having a portentous message for all mankind, if it be cordially received, its import truly realized and acted upon, I shall be considered a world's benefactor. Could have no higher ambition you will admit.

A misanthrope of ample means determined to end his life by drowning himself. Going to the banks of the canal, found the time not favorable for the purpose, a number of persons being in the vicinity, and daylight still present. He concluded to walk along the towpath until it was dark. While doing so, he heard piteous cries issuing from the door of a hovel near by, and unconsciously walked over to the place, and found a poor family consisting of a mother surrounded by several children, who told him of their sufferings for food. He took from his pocket his wallet and handed it to the woman, reasoning with himself that he would not need it. The grateful thanks and praises that he received from the recipients of his bounty awoke emotion in his breast, of such a pleasurable character, that he changed his suicidal intent, and decided to live for others. His future life became replete with good deeds—many a dark home and heart were made bright by his presence.

Well, my appearance in these columns, springs simply from a desire on the part of those I represent, to benefit your news-devouring race. My province is to help you, your friends, your relations, aye, even your *mother-in-law*, if that interesting lady be not already far beyond the pale of good influences.

I am sent among men to bear tidings of a discovery that marks an epoch as important to the health of mankind as Newton's apple and Franklin's kite were to natural science. The sick, the discouraged, the dejected, the broken down, and the despairing, may now all find a cure, certain as the Jordan proved to the Syrian lepper. It is only necessary, as in the case of that sufferer of old, *to follow directions.*

The agent which I herald builds up the system, sweeps the cobwebs from the brain, and sends pure, invigorating blood dancing through the arteries to the music of happy laughter.

The gloomy, wornout man of business, by proper use of this wonderful med cine, will be enabled to meet trouble and reverses *like a man.* Then, in perfect health, he will not have abnormal views of the "Vicissitudes of fortune, which spares neither man, nor the proudest of his works, which buries empires and cities in a common grave."

The weak and nervous woman, just able to drag herself, in "moping melancholy" through duties of the day, may steal the bloom from blush roses, and have eyes as bright and sparkling as the dewdrops nestling in their leaves; and the poor little baby, now disfigured with pimples and scabby sores, may be made sweet, cool and wholesome a—"that youngster of Mrs. Blank's, across the way, whose family is always in a glow of health." Don't you know the reason? "No." Then I will tell you. For years your neighbor has *never been without* Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

This remedy is a medicine, not a beverage, and is to be taken according to full and perfectly plain directions accompanying each bottle. It is specific, but not a patent medicine, and contains no vile narcotics or viler liquor. It is a prescription used for years by the well-known physician, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., whose name is a household word in innumerable homes all over our own and foreign lands. The Golden Medical Discovery is prepared and offered to the public by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, a body corporate, existing by and under the laws of the State of New York; its president is Dr. Pierce, the great specialist in chronic diseases. The doctor has devoted the best years of a very busy and wonderfully successful life to the relief and cure of his suffering fellow men—and at a time when high political honors lay broadly open before him, Dr. Pierce resigned his seat in the Congress of the United States, simply from a sense of duty toward others. His associates in the great sanatarium represented to the doctor that the immense business of their association demanded that his personal attention should be paid to the great army of patients crowding upon them from every clime. Dr. Pierce is also the founder of the Invalids' Hotel at Buffalo, N. Y. This establishment, possessing all the comforts and luxuries of a first-class American hotel, has in addition the daily attendance of a large faculty of eminent specialists, whose practice collectively cover the whole field of surgery and chronic diseases. The laboratory in which Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is prepared is an object of interest and wonder. It has a frontage of one hundred feet, a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet, and is six stories high. In this mammoth and palatial workshop two hundred persons are constantly employed in putting up Dr. Pierce's Medicines.

While the Golden Medical Discovery's curative effects are almost immediately felt, it is not merely a temporary stimulant, but is as certainly a safe and complete cure, in all cases for which it is recommended, as it is that certain misery and death will follow their neglect. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery *will not* cure club feet, will not refurnish armless or legless unfortunates with new and perfect limbs, and it is not guaranteed that even a dozen bottles applied to any stray portion of a second hand skeleton, will develop such member into an animate, human form divine (?). In brief, it is not asserted that this medicine will, or can, counteract the decrees of Providence. But in all cases where a high state of civilization and cultivation has engendered disease and suffering, whereby God's natural man has become a nervous, artificial being, the Golden Medical Discovery *will positively* restore to him the strong, vigorous, self-asserting life, from which, almost unconsciously, he had drifted far, and perhaps hopelessly away. It *is* claimed, and guaranteed, if this medicine be used as prescribed, and faithfully persevered in a reasonable time, *it will permanently cure* liver complaint, and the various blood disorders consequent upon torpor of the liver, in all their various forms and ramifications, including bronchitis, consumption, which is scrofula of the lungs, dyspepsia, costiveness, sick-headache, skin diseases, fever and ague, malaria, and other disorders arising from poisoned or deteriorated blood.

This wonderful medicine cures all humors, from the worst scrofula to a common blotch, pimple or eruption. Erysipelas, salt rheum, fever sores, scaly or rough skin, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying and invigorating medicine. Great eating ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influences. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing tetter, boils, carbuncles, scrofulous sores and swellings, white swellings, goitre or thick neck, and enlarged glands. Consumption, which is scrofulous disease of the lungs, is promptly and positively arrested and cured by this sovereign and God-given remedy, if taken before the last stages are reached. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, consumptive night-sweats, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. For indigestion, dyspepsia and torpid liver, or "biliousness," Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect and radical cures.

To all suffering from lassitude, weariness, despondency, lack of vigor or ambition, be it man, woman or child, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will speedily impart new tone, vigor and life to the whole system. The haggard face will grow round, ruddy, and beam with the expression of long lost confidence. The step will be firm and elastic, and the relieved sufferer will once more enjoy in common with fellow men that feeling of proprietorship in earth, air and being, only fully realized by those in perfect health.

The Golden Medical Discovery will not make drunkards or opium eaters; on the contrary, any unfortunate, driven by trouble, adversity or inherited appetite, to the use of insidious stimulants, will find the Discovery of great assistance in efforts to break the chains binding him to a shameful and miserable existence.

Those feeling only "out of sorts," with no predominant symptoms, and who, if asked, would find it difficult to explain their sensations, will find a sovereign remedy in the Golden Medical Discovery.

Those who are irritable, petulant, or fretful, ever seeing the gloomy side of life; who imagine "the time is out of joint;" to whom life is a heavy burden, not a blessing; who think the whole world is arrayed against them, and anticipate calamity at every turn; to all such let this message be full of encouragement and joy—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will radically cure them, when it will be found, to their lasting benefit, that life and the world have not changed, but that disease had thrown clouds of misery and woe about them, through which all things were seen, as "through a glass darkly."

Let no sufferer be discouraged because he or she has tried other medicines without benefit. In fact, these are the cases the World's Dispensary Medical Association particularly desire to reach through their Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. *When all other medicines fail let this be tried,* and no one will be doomed to further disappointment.

The Golden Medical Discovery is a prescription of a physician with a wide-awake reputation and an honorable position to maintain. It is far beneath the dignity of Dr. Pierce to lend his name to any vile nostrum, or catch-penny preparation, whereby the public may be deceived. Having used his Discovery for many years in his unprecedented private practice, he is convinced it is indeed a specific in diseases mentioned. Desiring this marvelous cure shall benefit not only those with whom he comes personally in contact, but that all mankind may be embraced in his grand plan for the amelioration of human suffering, the doctor, through the World's Dispensary Medical Association, earnestly and most confidently recommends his Golden Medical Discovery to the public at large, assured the most skeptical will be thoroughly convinced of its worth by a trial of a single bottle.

In stubborn, or long-seated affections, and where the bowels are very costive, the gentle, though certain action of the Discovery, will be more rapid and satisfactory by supplementing Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets in small daily doses of one or two. These pills (the original and only genuine Little Liver Pills) are *purely vegetable,* sugar-coated, and very small, yet by the peculiar process used in their preparation, they possess the strength and virtue of larger and unpalatable pills. Pleasant Purgative Pellets will speedily remove all ill and disagreeable effects arising from over-eating or drinking, and are recommended as a cathartic at all times, being perfectly safe, sure and unattended by the griping pains usually experienced in the use of purgatives less carefully prepared. Promptly resorted to, these little Pellets will radically cure indigestion, biliousness and sick-headache, thus saving the patient from serious and lingering disorders. Dr. Pierce, the President of the World's Dispensary, and his faculty of twelve skilled specialists, can be consulted by letter or in person in any case of chronic disease requiring either medical or surgical treatment free of charge. For those desiring more exhaustive information than can be imparted through correspondence, the doctor has written a book, called "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified."

This work alone is a good'y harvest for an ordinary life, and stamps its author a profound scholar and a very remarkable man. The book contains nine hundred and twenty-two pages, illustrated with two hundred and eighty-six wood cuts and colored plates, and makes plain as a, b, c, anatomy, physiology, materia medica, practice of medicine, hygiene, temperaments, psychology, etc.—and answers in plain, easily-to-be-understood terms all questions that may arise within their range, especially those questions the would-be inquirer is deterred by fear, or modesty, from asking the family or other physician. That all may be enabled to acquaint themselves with matter so vital to health, happiness, and success, the price of this great work has been fixed at one dollar and fifty cents, postpaid by mail to any address, while smaller and far inferior books, purporting to cover the same ground, have sold at five dollars a copy. It being the aim of the proprietors of the Common Sense Medical Adviser to reach not only the affluent, but also those in moderate, and even straitened, circumstances, the price of the work places it within the reach of all.

"Surely you've not washed this morning, Tommy?" "No, mamma; I was in bed so late last night that I didn't think I required it."

Frazer Axle Grease.

One greasing lasts two weeks; all others two or three days. Do not be imposed upon by the humbug stuffs offered. Ask your dealer for Frazer's, with label on. It saves your horse labor, and you too. It received first medal at the Centennial and Paris Expositions. Sold everywhere.

The Indian of falcon glance and lion bearing, the theme of the touching ballad is gone: but the petroleum they discovered, now made into Carboline, the natural Hair Restorer, will live forever.

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging irritation, inflammation, Kidney, Urinary complaints, cured by Buchupaiba $1.

Gastrine.

GASTRINE should be taken before or after meals to insure perfect assimilation of food. GASTRINE is in liquid form. Sold by druggists.

"Rough on Corns."

Ask for Wells' 'Rough on Corns.' 15c. Quick relief; complete cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

Chrolithion collars and cuffs will not turn yellow nor grow stiff, like other water proof goods.

That Husband of Mine

Is three times the man he was before using Wells' Health Renewer. $1. Druggists.

Ladies & children's boots & shoes cannot run over if Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners are used.

You might as well try to guess what a boy will do as to try to predict who'll be the next President.

An Internal Revenue Officer Saved.

Editor of Boston Herald:

DEAR SIR—During my term of service in the Internal Revenue Department of the United States, at the time my office was in this city, I was afflicted with a severe attack of kidney disease, and at times suffered intensely. I received the medical advice of some of our best physicians for a long time, without being benefited by their prescriptions. Being discouraged by the failure of the doctors to help me, and being urged to use Hunt's Remedy by a friend who had tested its merits, although reluctant to try a patent medicine, I was finally induced to try the Remedy, and procured two bottles of it, and commenced taking it faithfully according to the directions. Before I had taken it three days the excruciating pains in my back had disappeared, and before I had used two bottles I was entirely cured. Whenever, from over-exertion or a violent cold, the pains in my kidneys return, a few doses of Hunt's Remedy quickly effects a cure.

Before closing I beg to mention the remarkable cure of a friend of mine in New York City, to whom I recommended this valuable medicine. He was suffering severely from an attack which was pronounced by his physician a decided case of Bright's Disease of the Kidneys. I obtained two bottles of Hunt's Remedy for him, and he commenced taking it, and began to improve at once, and was speedily restored to health, and he attributes the saving of his life, under the blessing of a merciful Providence, to Hunt's Remedy.

Another friend of mine in New York, to whom I recommended Hunt's Remedy, was suffering severely from kidney disease, and was entirely cured of it after using this wonderful medicine only a short period.

Feeling deeply grateful for the great benefits experienced by my friends and myself from the use of Hunt's Remedy, I feel it to be my duty, as well as a great privilege, to furnish you this voluntary and unsolicited statement of facts for the information of your large number of readers, many of whom are undoubtedly suffering from this widely-spreading scourge, and I believe that it is the best medicine now known, and that it will cure all cases of kidney diseases that can be cured.

I shall be pleased to confer with any one who may desire an interview regarding the statements herein contained. Truly yours,

RICHMOND HENSHAW, 99 Messer Street.

Petroleum V. Nasby.

D. R. Locke, Petroleum V. Nasby (Editor "Toledo Blade") writes:

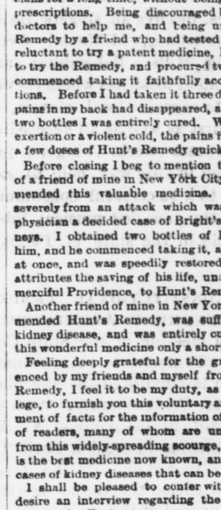
I had on a forefinger of my right hand one of those pets, a "run-round." The finger became inflamed to a degree unbearable and swollen to nearly twice its natural size. A friend gave me Henry's Carbolic Salve, and in twenty minutes the pain had so much subsided as to give me a fair night's rest, which I had not had before for a week. The inflammation left the finger in a day. I consider it a most valuable article for the household. Edouard Reintard, of New York, writes:

It gives me great pleasure to say that a single box of Henry's Carbolic Salve effected a complete cure of Piles with which I had been troubled for over a year, and which nothing else that I used would cure.

IF FORESIGHT

Were as good as hind sight how much trouble we poor miserable sinners would escape! W. H. Casey, of Smithsville, Va., writes to Dr. T. H. Southall, that he was sick with a terrible cold and cough all last winter and got no relief until he commenced taking New Life, the Great Cough Remedy. The same medicine also cured Mr. Casey's neighbor.

"They tell me you had some money left you," said Brown. "Yes," replied Fogg, sadly, "it left me long ago."



What the great restorative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will do, must be gathered from what it has done. It has effected radical cures in thousands of cases of dyspepsia, bilious disorders, intermittent fever, nervous affections, general debility, constipation, sick headache, mental despondency, and the peculiar complaints and disabilities to which the feeble are so subject. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

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For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

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It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

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Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.

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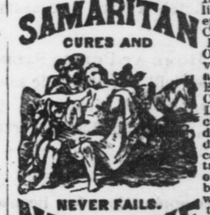

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